## Remember the Vocabulary for Describing Charts and Plots

- Center and Spread
- Clusters and Gaps
- Outliers and Other Unusual features
- Shape

Remember your SOCS!!!!

## Histogram

Pulse Rate for a Sample of Students


As we gather more and more data trends can emerge Let's talk about those trends

## Histogram



As we gather more and more data trends can emerge
This trend can be described as "approximately normal"

## Histogram

Pulse Rate for a Sample of Students


It's not always so simple. Sometimes the data "skews"

## Shape


-skewed right

- positively skewed

The mean is to the right of the median.


NEGATIVELY SKEWED DISTRIBUTION
-skewed left
-negatively skewed
The mean is to the left of the median.

Note that when the graph is considered "normal"


## Normal Curves

Center, i.e the $x$-value where the high point occurs Spread

The smaller the spread, the higher the peak What are these?

Why is this you may wonder?


We will see how to
calculate those shortly

## Normal Curves Spread

The smaller the spread, the higher the peak

Note that the shaded region under both curves is 1
...just like the sum of all the relative frequencies

We are going to use a calculator function that finds the area of the shaded region under a curve

Note that the area of the region is exactly 1

Now let's graph a normal curve with a wider spread

The second curve has a lower peak. Why?

Let's find the area.
So the wider the base the shorter the peak has to be to keep the area at 1

And the area under a normal curve must be 1. More on this in later chapters...


## Normal Curves

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The smaller the spread, the higher the peak

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Remember that in your write ups you don't
have to present them in that order, just make sure you cover them all

